

## Channeling Your Inner Fortune Teller to be on the Leading Edge of Grocery Trends











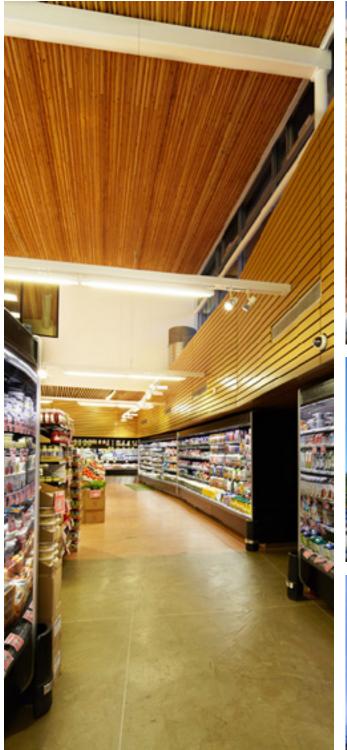


- Fortune telling = noting visual & aural cues to determine a path for success.
- Architects, store planners & facilities managers are tasked with planning for stores & shoppers of the future.
- How do we create trendy & current spaces that won't be dated in 5 years?
- How do we determine what shopper preferences will be 2 years from now when they're constantly evolving?







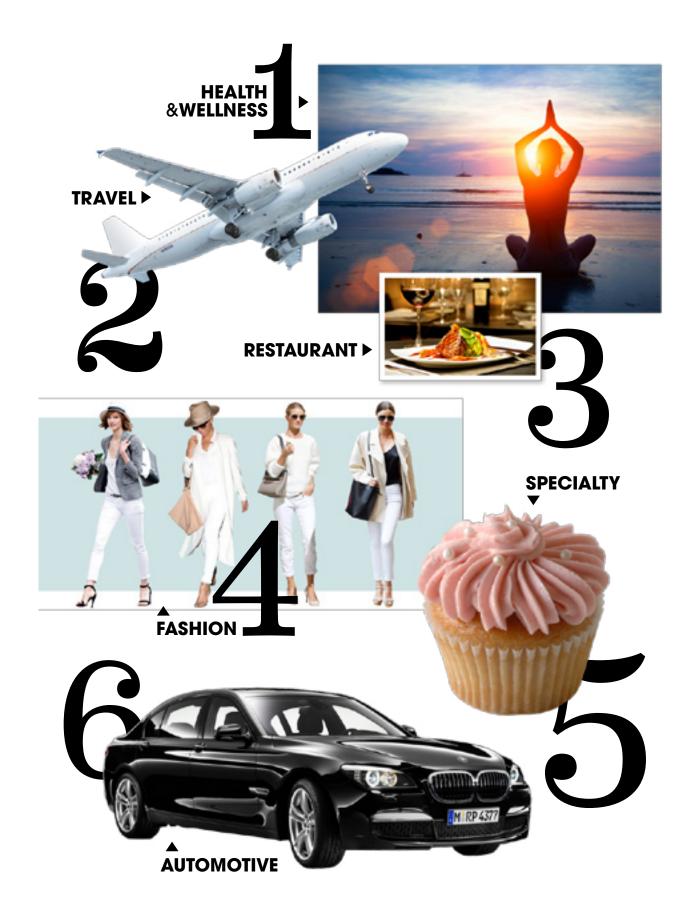


Examples of today's innovative grocery design







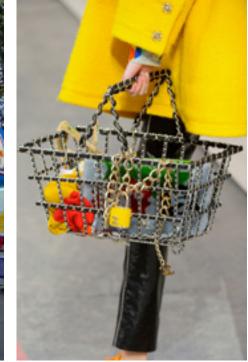


- Our suggestion: look to other industries.
- Ideas for innovative grocery design can be found in other industries - it just takes noticing the clues & how each industry implements what's current.
- Industries we researched & analyzed:
  - Health & Wellness
  - Travel
  - Restaurant
  - Fashion
  - Specialty Shops
  - Automotive
- Our research led to the identification of some main "cultural catalysts" or influencers driving trends in each industry.



- Example of the grocery industry influencing fashion: Karl Lagerfeld's 2014 Chanel show at Paris Fashion Week a staged supermarket.
- Models shopped the "runway," adding Chanel-branded groceries to their shopping baskets.
- The show connected Lagerfeld & his brand with a wider audience by using an everyday activity relatable to everyone as the narrative for his show.











- Cultural catalyst: "Local"
- A theme the grocery industry owns well.
- Paradigm shift where getting more for your money & the ability to get it all in place doesn't neccessarily trump other purchasing factors.
- Supporting local producers carries more weight, similar to 40-50 years ago.
- Grocery shopping at big-box & c-stores has seen a 7% decrease in the past year. Farmers markets & local produce stands, however, saw a 21% jump (King Retail Solutions 2015 Consumer Insights Survey).



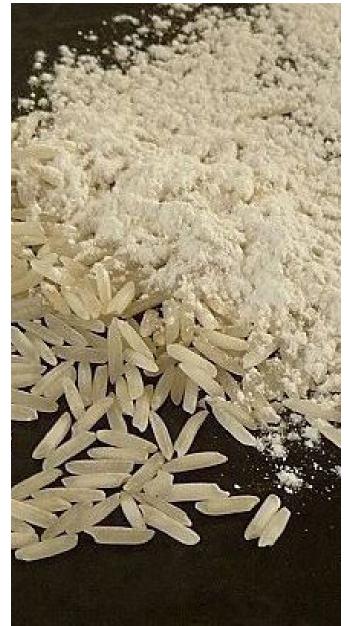


- "Grow & Sell"
- Concept of food being grown & sold in same location.
- Consumers want reduced time from farm to shelf.

 Advances in farming allow us to consider the creation of indoor/outdoor farming environments as part of the store.







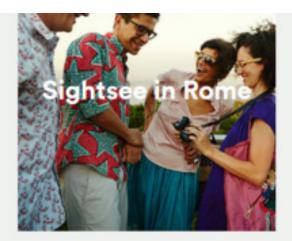




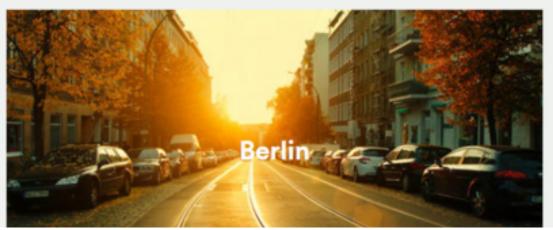
- "Eating in Reverse"
- Consumers want unprocessed foods in their natural states.
- A return to 'hunting & gathering', milling your own flour, hyper-local products.
- Design considerations: new departments or operational requirements for areas of the store dedicated to old-time methods (milling, churning, etc.).









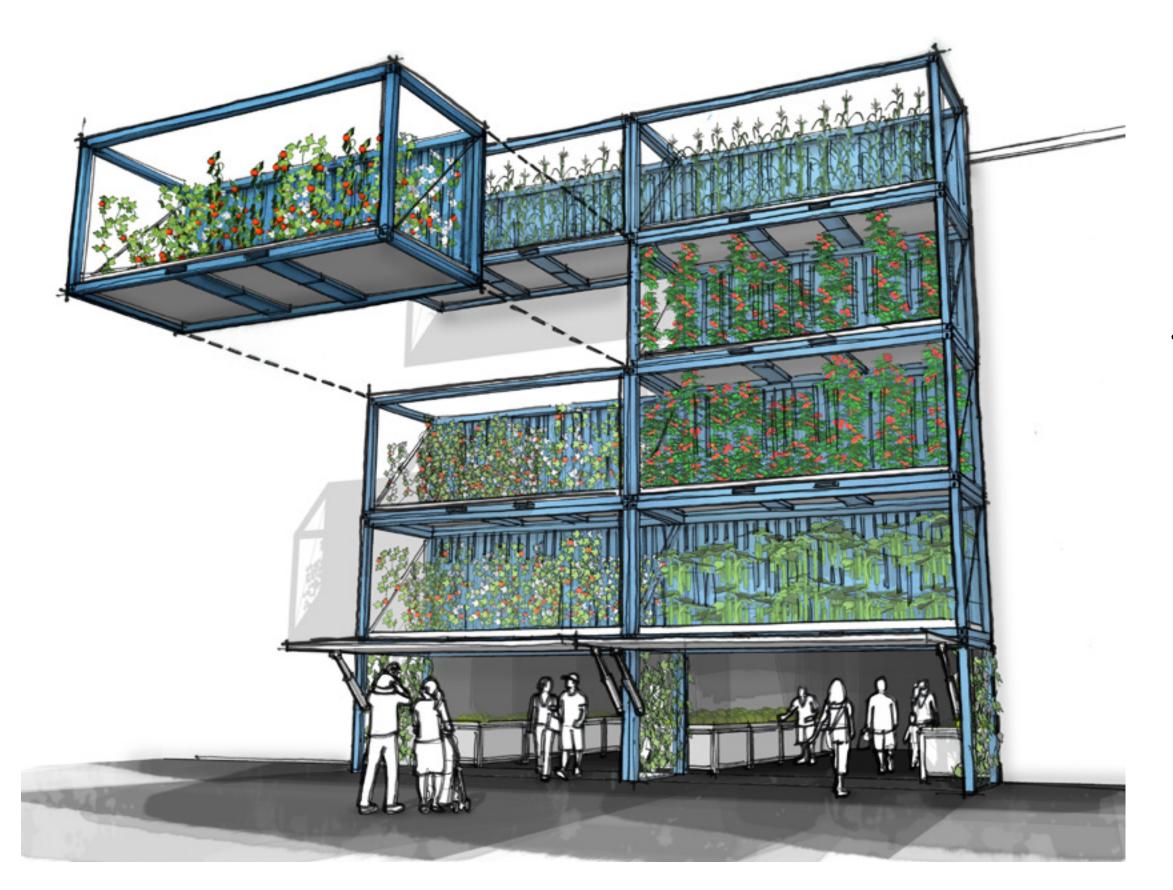








- "Living Like a Local."
- Companies in the travel industry have capitalized on people's desire to experience cities & vacation spots like the locals do.
- Airbnb & BookaLokal connect travelers with local lodging & dining options, allowing them to experience life as a local.
- Specialty shops like neighborhood bars, cupcakeries or the coffee shop known for its cold brew have become as prolific & as much of a tourist attraction as renowned museums, parks & other sights.



 Our interpretation for the built environment: a concept that combines the ideas of a living facade & grow cubes, introducing an outdoor retail space where the farm-to-shelf model is replaced by one that's more farm-toconsumer.



- Cultural catalyst: "Corporate Social Responsibility"
- Difference between philanthropy & CSR: Philanthropy is giving time, money or other resources to charitable causes. CSR is the acknowledgment that a company's business processes & practices have an impact beyond the company.
- Consumers want to support & partner with companies making a positive impact on the marketplace.
- Consumers are also more educated & have easier access to information

   "they're no longer hidden from how their food is produced" (Robert Grosshander, CEO of iGive.com).



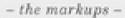
- Industry example: Intermarche's "Ugly Fruit" campaign
- Campaign addressing that up to 40% of total fruit & vegetable harvests are trashed because of physical "imperfections."
- Started as a temporary experiment in a single store outside of Paris where less-than-perfect produce was sold at a 30% discount.
- Results: overall store traffic increased 24% & concept was rolled out to all of Intermarche's 1,800 stores.

costs

## The Making Of

The true cost of making a Weekender bag.





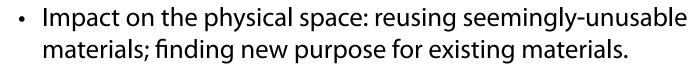


- Industry example: Everlane
- One of the first fashion brands to introduce a "radical transparency" business model.
- Realize & capitalize on value of B-to-C transparency.
- Relationship between retailer & consumer is fostered to be a mutual & continual conversation.



















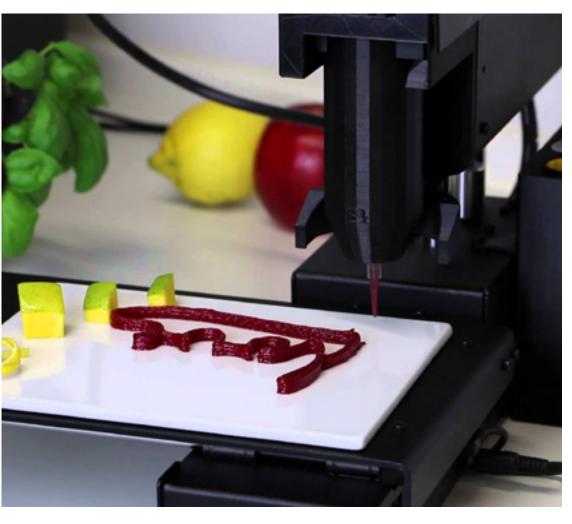


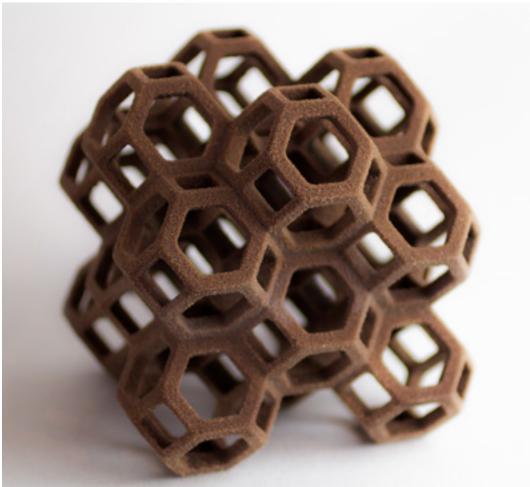






- Cultural catalyst: "Technology"
- Dependency on technology only increases & attention is more limited.
  - While our ability to multitask has improved, the average human attention span has fallen from 12 seconds in 2000, to 8. Frame of comparison: goldfish are believed to have an attention span of 9 seconds (Microsoft).
- Technology forces us to evolve. Where do you start, how do you keep up & how do you afford to do both?







- Industry example: 3D printing
- Ability to 3D print food products may call for inclusion of additional equipment in various grocery departments, or an entire department dedicated to 3D printing.

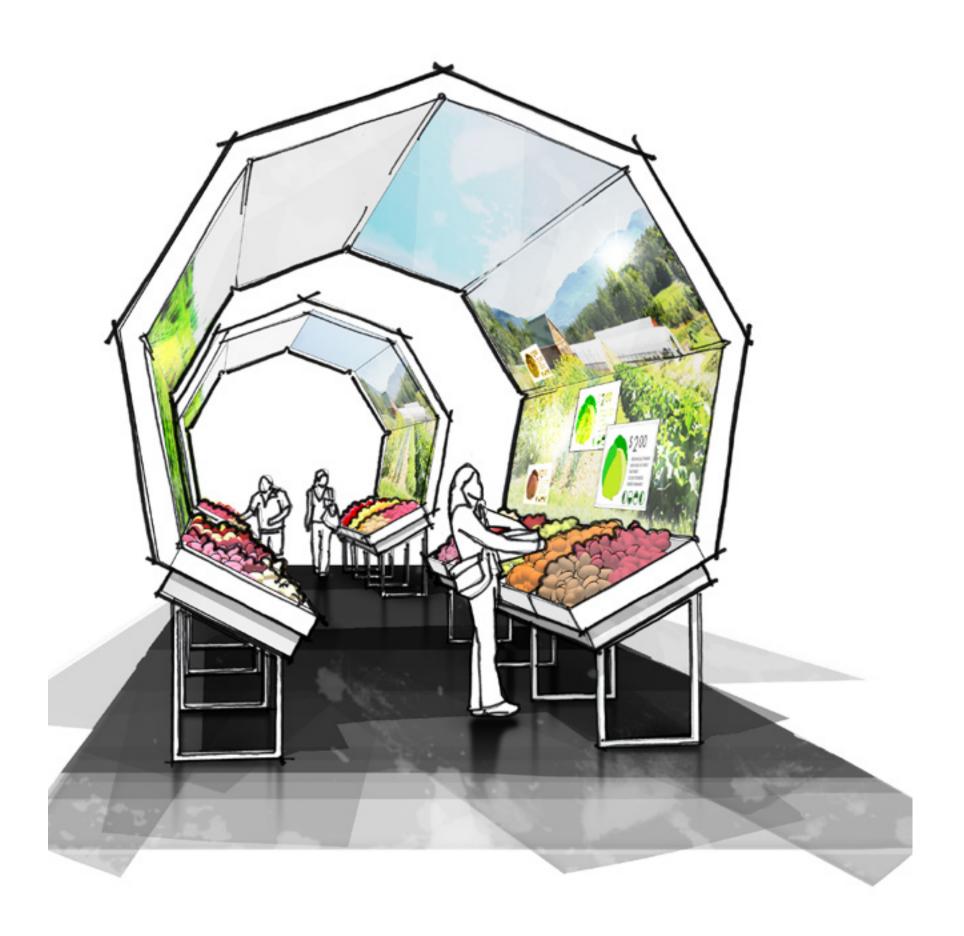






- Industry example: interactive mirrors
- Fashion designer Rebecca Minkoff was one of the first to successfully implement an interactive, multi-purpose surface into her store.
- She partnered with eBay to create, test & finesse the concept.

- The surfaces allow customers to shop both store & online merchandise, peruse styling suggestions, etc.
- In dressing rooms, RFID technology tracks clothing customers bring in to try on. The mirrors will then automatically display different size & color options.
- Mirrors also collect data about an individual store's costumer preferences, allowing each location to tailor their marketing to be more specific to their consumer base.



 Our interpretation for the built environment: digital mirrors used as display surfaces to share information with customers about product origins, ingredients & manufacturing.



- Cultural catalyst: "Mind & Body"
- Arguably more than ever, consumers are conscious of purchasing decisions affecting their wellbeing.
- Things we started to notice in our research:
  - 1) Seemingly-unlikely partnerships across multiple industries.
  - 2) The need for "mindfulness" or the act of unplugging.
  - 3) Increased education & awareness, especially at the child/youth level.





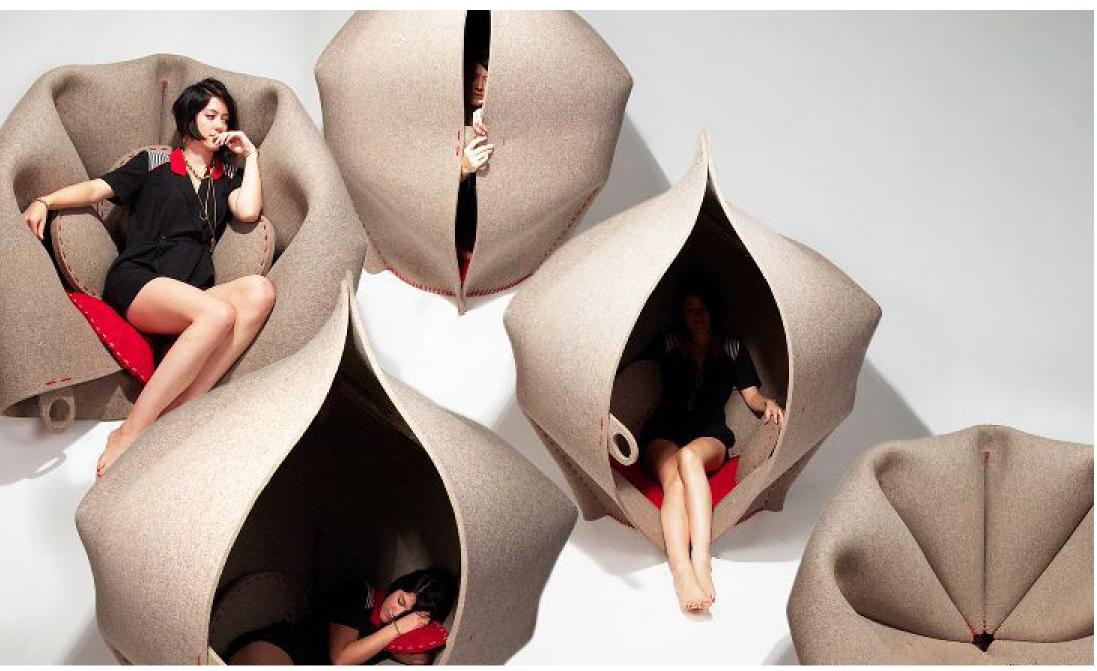


- Industry example: Tory Burch & Fitbit
- An "unlikely partnership" Tory Burch was the first fashion designer to partner with Fitbit & offer accessories that brought style to the fitness tracking devices.
- Two parties benefitted from an unlikely partnership Fitbit devices became more attractive to an audience because Tory Burch was able to fill a need for fashionable design; both of their audiences grew by partnering with the other.



• Impact on the physical space: boutique-like designs & spaces where caring for your mind & body feels more curated & less cluttered.





- Mindfulness & the act of unplugging
- When we're on, we want to be off; but when we're off, we want to be on.
- There's a need to unplug or "shut down" retail & travel industries have gone so far as to offer silent rooms, or cry rooms in hotels for guests to decompress & let out emotion.

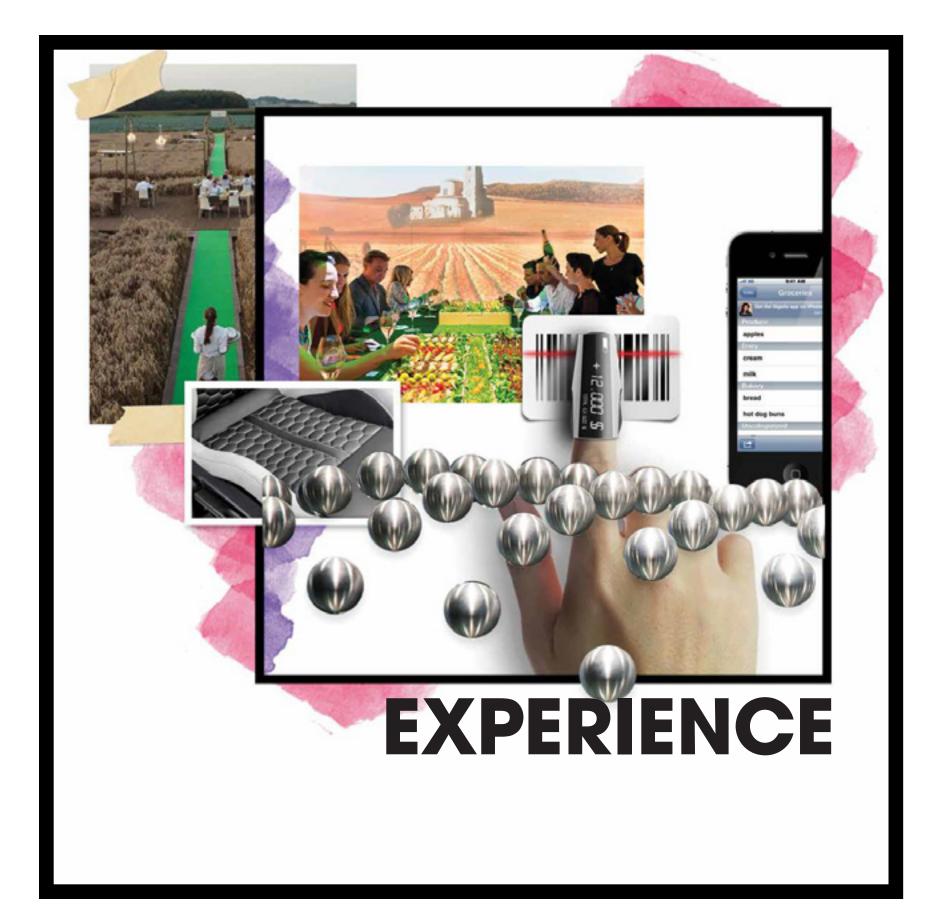




- Impact on the physical space: a grocery store & spa
- An award-winning organic grocery store connected to a spa.







- Cultural catalyst: "Experience"
- Speculation that the physical "brick & mortar" space doesn't have a place in the future we disagree.
- Humans are social creatures & prefer face-to-face over fully-electronic or digitized environments.
- King Retail Solutions' 2015 Winter
  Consumer Survey found that, across all
  demographics surveyed (men/women,
  millennials/Gen X/Baby Boomers,
  people with/without kids, rural/urban/
  suburban dwellers), people still prefer
  to be assisted by a sales associate while
  shopping in-store.
- But, digitization is still driving how we experience physical spaces.



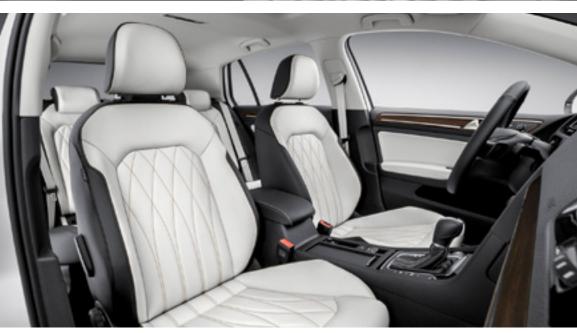
• Future transactions could be simplified by paying with our finger, or moving away from any sort of payment device (phone, e-wallet, etc.) entirely.

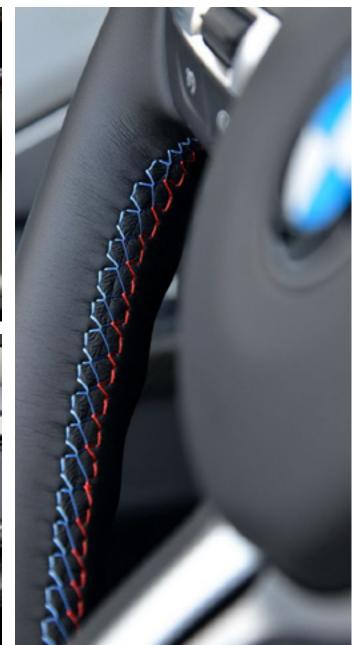


- & alter our sense of space.
- Augmented & virtual realities are immersive Virtual environments allow us to experience a space of "travel" digitally.











- Industry example: automotive
- Consumers are flooded with options, from base to luxury models, to the color of interior, etc.
- As you climb up to luxury models, the level of detail is increased, becoming much more prominent & more integrated with the experience.
- The "bonus features" don't make a car run faster or get better gas mileage, but they make driving that vehicle more of an experience.

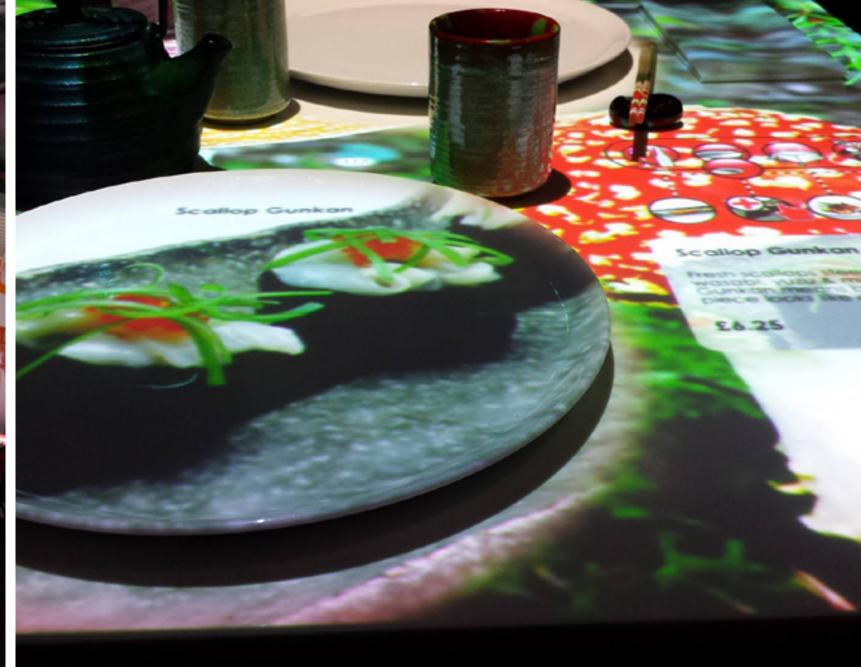




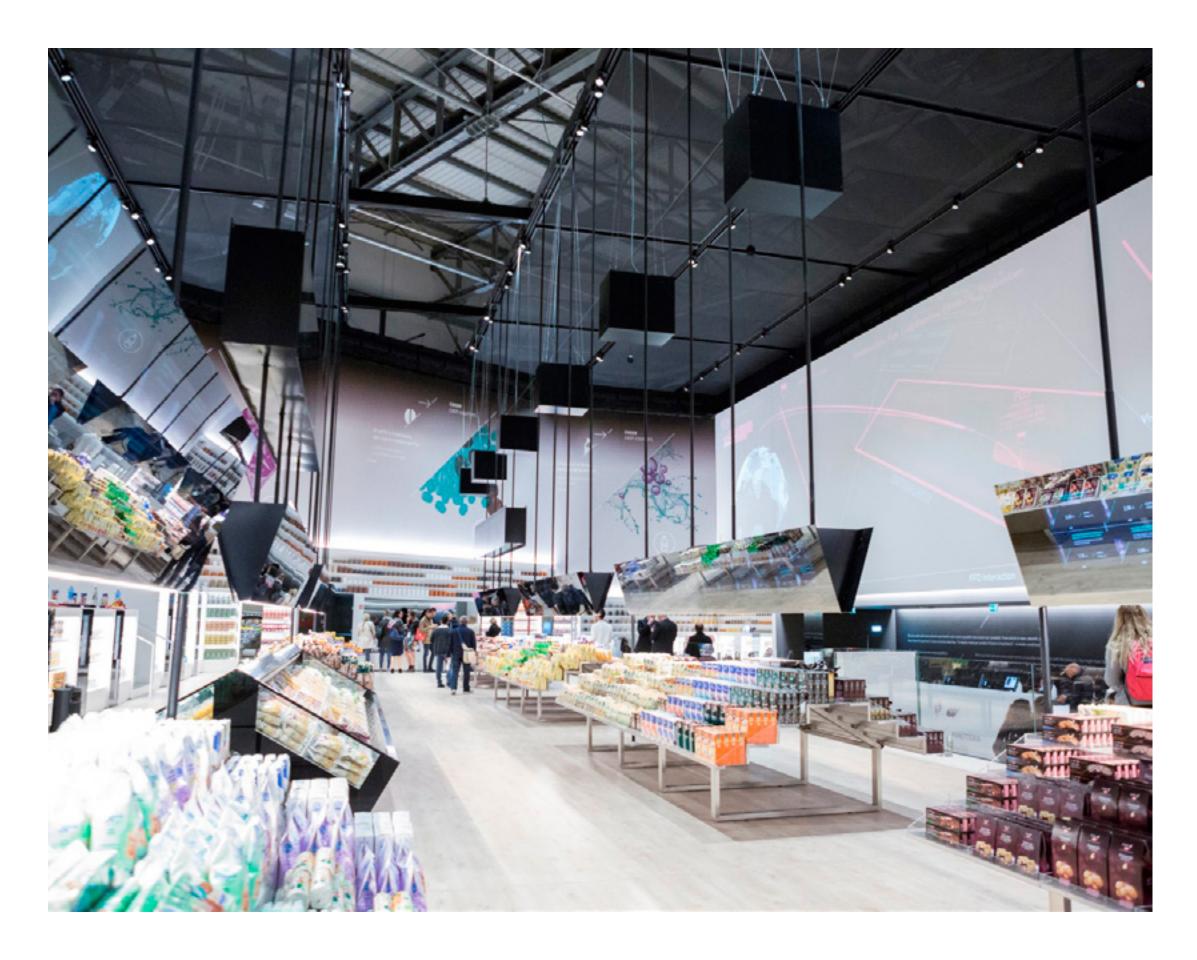
- Industry example: Sublimotion restaurant in Ibiza
- A space meant to stimulate all 5 senses.

• Dining is a completely-immersive environment, where a full-on production effort digitally transports diners to different scenes throughout the course of their meal.





- Industry example: Inamo restuarant in London
- Uses projectors to display menus & illustrate food/drinks onto diners' table.
- Interactive order system allows guests to order from their table, choose their own "table cloth," discover the local neighborhood or even order a taxi home.



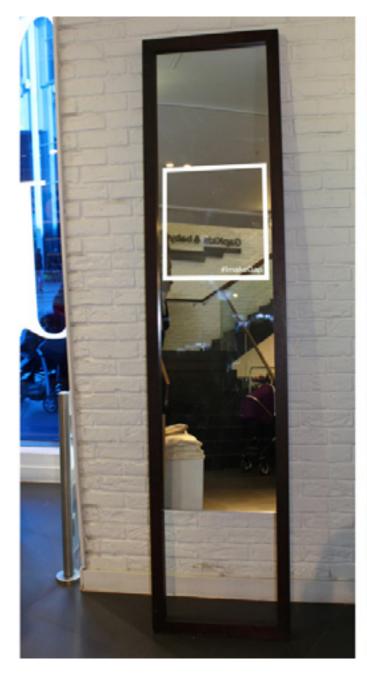
- Industry example: grocery display at 2015 Milan Expo
- Digital mirrors hung above 1,000+ different products & shared information with customers about product origins & manufacturing.



• Our interpretation for the built environment: an environment that bridges the gap between in-store & digital, & begins the store experience as soon as customers enter.



- Cultural catalyst: "Social Media"
- Direct impact on the built environment: creating "shareable," photo-worthy & ready spaces.
- Two-fold benefit:
  - 1) Increase a brand's awareness & reach when individuals act as "brand ambassadors" & feel indspired to share something from their experience.
  - 2) Enhances the relationship that consumers share with your brand; if they like you or what you're doing, they'll share it, getting others to like it, too.









- Impact on the physical space: Gap U.K.
- #IMakeGap campaign to attract customers to struggling stores.
- Different mirrors throughout the store included selfie stations, where customers were invite to snap & post a selfie with the #IMakeGap

## hashtag.

• Customers' photos then became part of the store's window display & marketing.

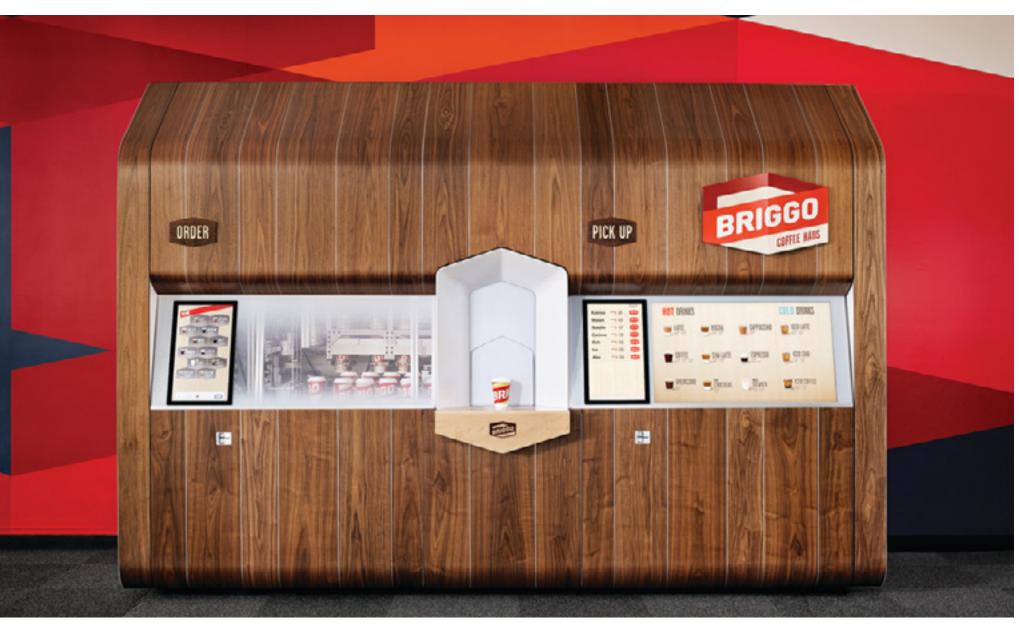


- Cultural catalyst: "Data"
- 'Big data' comes to the forefront of innovation, enhancing shopper engagement & creating a personalized experience.
- Data in the marketplace leaves a trail of information, giving decision-guiding insight to consumer preferences.
- A 360-degree view of who their customers are gives grocers & other retailers insight on how to tailor their offerings & enhance their built environments.
- Strategists, analysts & futurists say people are yearning for more personalized, targeted marketing - not necessarily less.



- Industry example: Hapilabs
- Electronic forks help monitor & track eating habits.
- Users are alerted when they're eating too fast.

• Information can be uploaded to user accounts so they can track their progress, improve their eating habits & lose/maintain weight.





- Industry example: Briggo Coffee Haus
- A "robot coffee shop" merges great-tasting coffee with on-the-go technology.
- Individuals can personalize their coffee, save it as a favorite & adjust ingredients until they have their "perfect cup."
- Favorite drinks can be named & shared on social media.
- Customers can watch the robotics in action through a large flat panel display that tracks the status of the order.





- Industry example: Disney's MagicBands
- Disney's custom creation to make their theme park experience seamless, stress-free & efficient.
- Sensors throughout the park communicate with wearable bands that stream real-time

- data about a guest's location, what they're doing & what they want.
- MagicBands eliminate the need to carry cash or keys to a hotel room; the entire experience is controllable and accessible by the guest through the bands.
- Friction is engineered away & data guests provide allow employees to move past the idea of transactions & focus more on interaction with guests to offer personalized attention.

