

### **Communicating During A Crisis**

By Stephen McCauley



### Remember...





# Make Communications Key Component of Plan





KEEP CALM

**AND** 

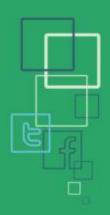
BUILD A CRISIS

MANAGEMENT PLAN

**Communications** 



#### FMI Created Template for You



# Crisis Communications Manual



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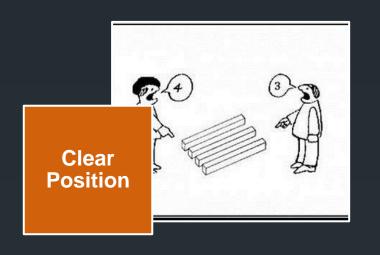
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#### Be Audience Specific

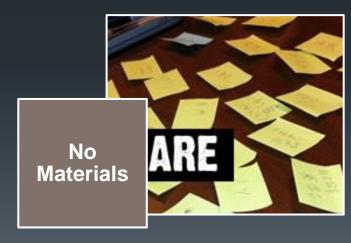
- Consumers domestic and international
- Trade partners
- Employees/retirees & their families
- Shareholders
- Competitors
- Regulators
- Federal and state legislators
- Community leaders
- Other opinion leaders



# Remember Others' Mistakes









#### What's in the Plan?



Messages

SILCE! NETWORK

#### **Strategies**

- 1. Establish consumer safety as #1 priority
- 2. Confirm safe conditions
- 3. Demonstrate commitment
- 4. Lead with facts
- 5. Mobilize third-parties
- 6. Monitor continuously
- 7. Evaluate



#### **Action Steps**

- 1. Gather info (constantly)
- 2. Identify issues/evaluate crisis or not
- 3. Assemble crisis team
- 4. Brief spokespeople
- 5. Shape messages and materials
- 6. Evaluate response options
- 7. Monitor and evaluate results & recovery



#### Response Team ID

- Team leader
- Senior management of organization
- Communications counsel
- Legal counsel
- Regulatory liaison

- Customer liaison or Manufacturer liaison
- Consumer liaison
- Employee liaison
- Media liaison
- Third-party liaison
- Medical consultant



#### **Key Messages**

Standby messages for all scenarios

Scenario specific messages for each worst-case



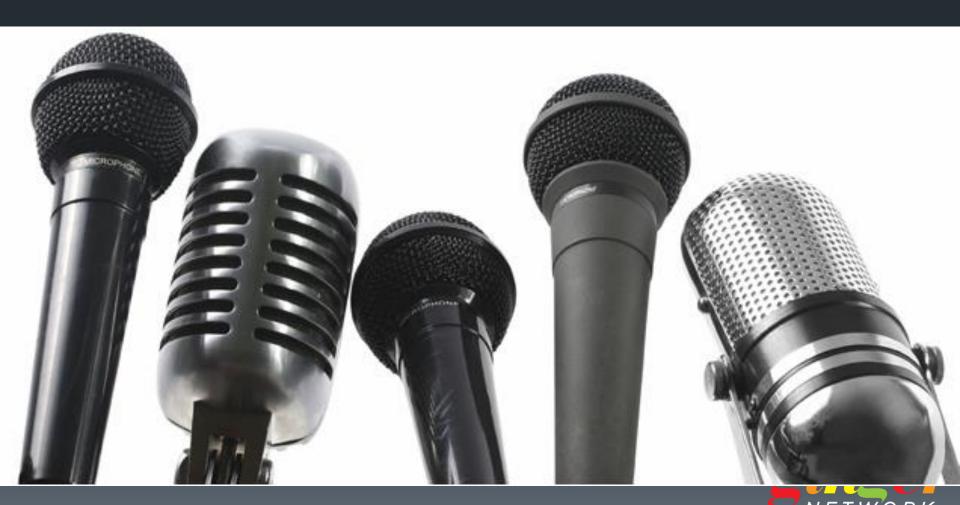
#### Spokespeople ID

Each scenario may call for a different mix

Have a cadre of options for each scenario



# Five-Minute Media Training Refresher



#### **Tell Your Story**

- Every interview is an opportunity to tell one's own story.
- It is not an opportunity to answer reporter questions. If you don't have a message or messages to advance, you should not agree to interviews.



#### **Not a Conversation**

- The interview dynamic with a reporter is completely different from a conversation.
- The reporter is not the audience.
- One should feel comfortable after every question to pause and consider how to bridge to a key message.
- One should never fill in pregnant pauses.



#### **Your Formula**

An easy rule of thumb for the media interview process is

$$Q = A + 1$$

- Q = Reporter's question.
- A = Acknowledgment of the question (NOT an Answer).
- 1 = one of the key messages.
- Great interviews are accomplished by bridging from the question to a key message.
- One should always anticipate the toughest questions and practice bridging from each to a key message.

#### **Never Bluff**

It is acceptable to not have all the answers. Admit it. Never bluff.



#### **Never Off the Record**

There is no such thing as "off the record."



#### To-Do Tips

- Use the exact wording of statements that have been prepared.
- Assure reporters that you will be on hand to answer questions and will be back with more information as soon as it is available.
- Be responsive. Respond to queries quickly, even if you don't have new information to share.
- Readily admit if you don't have an answer but be prompt in getting back to them with the answer to their question or the information requested if it's available.
- Release only verified information.
- Keep accurate records of all inquiries and news THE coverage.

#### **Not-to-Do Tips**

- Say "No comment."
- Talk off the record.
- Deviate from the prepared messages/statement.
- Offer a personal opinion.
- Respond to statements made by an "expert witness."
- Give the names of the consumers involved.
- Blame anyone.
- Speculate on ANYTHING
  - causes of the emergency.
  - resumption of normal operations.
  - outside effects of the emergency.
  - dollar value of losses.
- Permit unauthorized spokespersons to comment to the media.



# Practice, Practice, Practice











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